## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

## RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 861

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 09<sup>TH</sup> FEBRUARY, 2022/ MAGHA 20, 1943 (SAKA)
SUICIDE DUE TO FINANCIAL CRISIS

861 # CH. SUKHRAM SINGH YADAV:
SMT. CHHAYA VERMA:
SHRI VISHAMBHAR PRASAD NISHAD:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that many cases have been reported where the persons have attempted suicide due to unemployment and financial crisis;
- (b) if so, the details of such suicide cases during last three years; and
- (c) the details of the steps taken by Government to deal with such problems?

## **ANSWER**

## MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI NITYANAND RAI)

(a) to (c): National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) compiles and publishes information on deaths due to suicides in its publication "Accidental Deaths & Suicides in India". Published reports are available till the year 2020. As per the information published by NCRB, suicides due to unemployment and bankruptcy or indebtedness during the year 2018, 2019 and 2020 are given below:

S. No.	Causes	2018	2019	2020
1	Unemployment	2741	2851	3548
2	Bankruptcy or indebtedness	4970	5908	5213

To address the burden of mental disorders, the Government is implementing the National Mental Health Programme (NMHP) and is supporting implementation of the District Mental Health Programme (DMHP) under NMHP in 692 districts of the country. The programme aims to provide suicide prevention services, work place stress management, life skills training and counselling in schools and colleges; mental health services including prevention, promotion and long-term continuing care at different levels of district healthcare delivery system and promote community awareness and participation in the delivery of mental healthcare services.

Government has also launched number of programmes for employment and income generation for the citizens which are as under:

- (i) Aatmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana (ABRY) to incentivize employers for creation of new employment along with social security benefits and restoration of employment.
- (ii) The National Career Service (NCS) Project for the job seekers and employers for job-matching in a dynamic, efficient and responsive manner and has a repository of career content for job seekers.

- (iii) Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP),
  Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme
  (MGNREGS), Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana
  (DDU-GKY), Deendayal Antodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods
  Mission (DAY-NULM) and Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana
  (PMKVY) with substantial outlays.
- (iv) Flagship programmes of the Government such as Make in India, Digital India, Swachh Bharat Mission, Smart City Mission, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation, Housing for All, Infrastructure development and Industrial corridors which have the potential to generate productive employment opportunities.
- (v) Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme in the key sectors for enhancing India's manufacturing capabilities, enhancing exports and generating more employment opportunities.

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